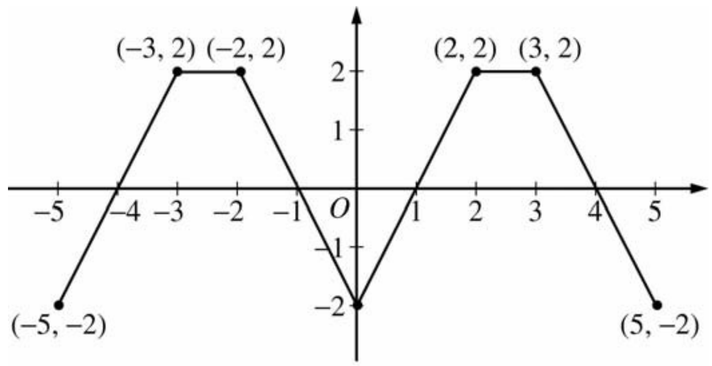
Question 3

The graph of the function f shown above consists of six line segments. Let g be the function given by $g(x) = \int_0^x f(t)\,dt$.

(a) Find $g(4)$, $g'(4)$, and $g''(4)$.

(b) Does g have a relative minimum, a relative maximum, or neither at $x = 1$? Justify your answer.



Graph of f

(c) Suppose that f is defined for all real numbers x and is periodic with a period of length 5. The graph above shows two periods of f. Given that $g(5) = 2$, find $g(10)$ and write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of g at $x = 108$.

(a) $g(4) = \int_0^4 f(t)\,dt = 3$

$g'(4) = f(4) = 0$

$g''(4) = f'(4) = -2$

$3 : \begin{cases} 1 : g(4) \\ 1 : g'(4) \\ 1 : g''(4) \end{cases}$

(b) g has a relative minimum at $x = 1$ because $g' = f$ changes from negative to positive at $x = 1$.

$2 : \begin{cases} 1 : \text{answer} \\ 1 : \text{reason} \end{cases}$

(c) $g(0) = 0$ and the function values of g increase by 2 for every increase of 5 in x.

$g(10) = 2g(5) = 4$

$$g(108) = \int_0^{105} f(t)\,dt + \int_{105}^{108} f(t)\,dt$$
$$= 21g(5) + g(3) = 44$$

$g'(108) = f(108) = f(3) = 2$

An equation for the line tangent to the graph of g at $x = 108$ is $y - 44 = 2(x - 108)$.

$4 : \begin{cases} 1 : g(10) \\ 3 : \begin{cases} 1 : g(108) \\ 1 : g'(108) \\ 1 : \text{equation of tangent line} \end{cases} \end{cases}$